

- 1.5 Tesla M.R.I.
- MR Spectroscopy/MRCP
- 4D Colour USG./Doppler
- Fetal Echo DEXA (BMD)

E.E.G./ECG

- 128 Slice Spiral C.T. • 360° Open M.R.I.

Digital X-Rays

- Digital O.P.G.
- Pathology
- Whole Body Angiography

## 111/75 & 82, Ashok Nagar (Near Shanti Niketan Sweet House), Kanpur

Ph.: 0512-2540938 • Mob.: 9935861112, 9935861113, 7753861112, 9415042672, 7753861113

Patient Name

: Ashwin Anand

September 2, 2022

Ref. By Dr. Name: Dr. O.P. Gautam (Dr. Rakesh Tripathi)

Age / Sex 02Y. / M

Investigation

: CT whole abdomen with appendicular protocol (On -256 Slice CT).

### **OBSERVATION**

- > Evidence of ~5.0mm sized appendicolith with mildly prominent appendix at right iliac fossa, retrocaecal in position however no significant attendant fat streaking or collection.
- > No sizeable mesenteric lymphnodes.
- > No free air in abdominal cavity.
- Mild hepatomegaly No focal lesion. IHBR not dilated. Portal vein is normal in course and caliber.
- > Gall Bladder Normal in distension and wall thickness. No hyperdense focus on CT.
- > CBD normal caliber throughout its extent.
- > Pancreas is normal in size, shape and attenuation. No evidence of any sizeable mass lesion. No pancreatic calcification. Main Pancreatic duct not dilated.
- > Spleen is normal in size, shape & attenuation. No evidence of any focal lesion. Splenic vein at hilum is normal caliber.
- > No sizeable retroperitoneal/periportal lymphadenopathy. Visualised segment of aorta & IVC unremarkable.
- > Bilateral adrenals are normal in size, shape & attenuation.
- > Fecal matter loaded colon+
- > Both kidneys are normal in size, shape, position and attenuation. No calculus or hydroureteronephrosis on either side. No mass lesion on either side.
- > Urinary bladder normal in size, shape & distention. No sizeable calculus or mass lesion.
- > Prostate normal in size, shape & attenuation.
- No ascitis. No pleural effusion on either side.
- > Visualized lung fields are unremarkable.

Adul- eBC.

Please correlate clinically Kindly Note

- CT is not the modality of choice to rule out G.B. or CBD calculus in most of the cases, needs USG
- correlation. The science of Radiological diagnosis is based on the interpretation of various shadows produced by both the normal and a iochemical and radiological investigation & clinical correlation is required to enable the clinician to reach the final diagnosis
- The report is to help Doctor / Clinician for better patient management. This is not valid for Medico Legal Purpose.
- Discrepancies due to technical or typing errors should be reported for the correction within Seven days, no compensation liability ste

Dr. Vilkas Supta M.D.(Radiodiagnosis) A.I.I.M.S.(New Delhi) Ex. Sr. Resident (Radiodiagnosis) A.I.I.M.S (New Delhi) (Consultant Radiologist)



# VIKAS DIA

(A UNIT OF ONCOLIFE AND IMAGING PVT, LTD.)

. 1.5 Tesla M.R.I.

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Ph.: 0512-2540938 • Mob.: 9935861112, 9935861113, 7753861112, 9415042672, 7753861113

Patient Name

: Ashwin Anand

September 23, 2022

Ref. By Dr. Name: Dr. Rakesh Tripathi

Age / Sex YR. / M

Investigation

: Ultra Sound Whole Abdomen

### <u>OBSERVATIO</u>N

Liver

Mild hepatomegaly, normal in shape and echogenecity.

No evidence of any focal lesion.

Intra Hepatic Biliary Radicals not dilated. Portal vein is normal in course and caliber.

Gall Bladder

Normal in distension and wall thickness.

No evidence of any sizeable calculus or mass lesion.

CBD normal in course, caliber and clear throughout it's course.

**Pancreas** 

Normal in size, shape and echogenecity.

No evidence of any sizeable mass lesion. Main Pancreatic duct not dilated.

Spleen

Measures 45.8mm, Normal in size, shape

& Echogenecity. No evidence of any focal lesion.

Splenic vein at hilum is normal.

Retroperitoneum

No evidence of sizeable retroperitoneal

lymphadenopathy. Visualized segment of aorta and

IVC normal.

Right Kidney:

Right kidney: 77.6mm. in long axis.

Right kidney is normal in size, shape, position and echogenecity. Pelvicalyceal system not dilated.

No evidence of any calculus or mass lesion.

Right ureter is not dilated.

Left Kidney:

Left kidney: 74.2 mm. in long axis.

Left kidney is normal in size, shape, position and echogenecity. Pelvicalyceal system not dilated.

No evidence of any calculus or mass lesion.

Left ureter is not dilated.

Contd..



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Patient Name

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September 23, 2022

Ref. By Dr. Name: Dr. Rakesh Tripathi

Age / Sex YR. / M

Investigation

: Ultra Sound Whole Abdomen

### Report contd.

Urinary Bladder

Normal in size, shape & distention.

No evidence of any calculus or mass lesion

Pelvic organs normal for age No pleural effusion on either side.

Mildly dilated appendix with diameter ~5.0mm and length ~24.2mm with ~6.3mm size appendicolith inside however no peri appendicular collection at present. No attendant ileus.

### IMPRESSION: USG findings are suggestive of -

- Mild hepatomegaly. No focal lesion/IHBR dilatation.
- Mildly dilated appendix with diameter ~5.0mm and length ~24.2mm with ~6.3mm size appendicolith inside however no peri appendicular collection at present.
- No attendant ileus.
- No ascitis/RP lymphadenopathy.

#### Please correlate clinically

#### Kindly Note

- Ultrasound is not the modality of choice to rule out subtle bowel lesions.
- Please Intimate us for any typing mistakes and send the report for correction within 7 days.
- The science of Radiological diagnosis is based on the interpretation of various shadows produced by both the normal and abnormal tissues and are not always conclusive. Further biochemical and radiological investigation & clinical correlation is required to enable the clinician to reach the final diagnosis.

The report and films are not valid for medico - legal purpose.

Dr. Vikas Gupta M.D. (Radiodiagnosis) A.I.I.M.S.(New Delhi) Ex. Sr. Resident (Radiodiagnosis) A.I.I.M.S (New Delhi)

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D1

6.32 mm



